## Solutions to graded problems in Homework 5

Peyam Tabrizian

Friday, October 7th, 2011

## 4.5.3

(a)

$$W = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2c \\ a-b \\ b-3c \\ a+2b \end{bmatrix} : a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
$$= \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ a \\ 0 \\ a \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -b \\ b \\ 2b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2c \\ 0 \\ 3c \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} : a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
$$= \left\{ a \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + c \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} : a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
$$= Span \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

It is easy to check that the three vectors above are linearly independent, hence a basis for  $\boldsymbol{W}$  is:

$$\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\3\\0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

(b) It follows that dim(W) = 3 (the number of vectors in  $\mathcal{B}$ )

## 4.6.9

We know that  $\dim(Nul(A)) + Rank(A) = 6$ .

However, we are given that  $\dim(Nul(A)) = 4$ , hence: Rank(A) = 6 - 4 = 2. But,  $Rank(A) = \dim(Col(A))$  (by definition), hence  $\dim(Col(A)) = 2$ 

## 4.7.1

(a)

$$\mathcal{C} \stackrel{P}{\leftarrow} \mathcal{B} = \begin{bmatrix} [\mathbf{b_1}]_{\mathcal{C}} & [\mathbf{b_2}]_{\mathcal{C}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 9\\ -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b)

$$\left[\mathbf{x}\right]_{\mathcal{C}} = \mathcal{C} \stackrel{P}{\leftarrow} \mathcal{B} \left[\mathbf{x}\right]_{\mathcal{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 9\\ -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3\\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$